# NATIONAL EXAMINATION, MAY 2015

# 04-ENV-A4-Water and Wastewater Engineering

# 3 hours duration

# Notes:

- 1. Question 1 is compulsory, attempt any three questions from the remaining four questions.
- 2. If doubts exist as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit with the answer paper, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
- 3. This is a closed book exam. However, one aid sheet is allowed written on both sides.
- 4. An approved calculator is permitted.
- 5. Marks of all questions are indicated at the end of each question.
- 6. Clarity and organization of answers are important.

#### Q1 (25 marks)

Define and explain the significance of following terms in water and wastewater engineering

- i. Ortho, poly and organic phosphates in wastewater (5 marks)
- ii. Seed and blank in BOD₅ test (5 marks)
- iii. Oxygen sag curve in stream pollution (5 marks)
- iv. Indicator organisms in biological testing of water (5 marks)
- v. Turbidity in water(5 marks)

# Q2 (25 marks)

- a. Explain the principal and working of disinfection of water by UV radiation. State its key advantages and disadvantages over chlorination. (10 marks)
- b. Explain the function of coagulation, flocculation, filtration, adsorption and ion exchange in treatment of water by giving examples when these processes may be necessary in treatment of water. (15 marks)

# Q3 (25 marks)

- a. Explain the principal of removal of BOD and nutrients in a facultative lagoon system. Also explain how a facultative lagoon differs from an aerated lagoon system. (10 marks)
- b. 5 ml of a raw sewage sample diluted to 300 mL in a BOD bottle had an initial DO of 9.0 mg/L. After 4 days of incubation at 20°C, the DO in the sample was measured at 4.3 mg/L. Assuming 2% of the oxygen demand over this 3 day period being contributed by the seed in the sample, determine the 4 day, 5 day and ultimate BOD of the sample. (15)

# Q4 (25 marks)

Give a brief description of the following in water and wastewater treatment:

- a. Anaerobic sludge digestion (6 marks)
- b. Filter headloss, Shmutzdecke and filter backwash (6 marks)
- c. Biomass sloughing in a tricking filter (7 marks)
- d. HRT and SRT in biological treatment systems (6 marks)

#### Q5 (25 marks)

Primary clarifier of an activated sludge system treats an average day flow of 20,000 m $^3$ /d with TSS, VSS and BOD $_5$  of 200 mg/L, 170 mg/L and 160 mg/L respectively. If the TSS removal efficiency of the clarifier is 60%, calculate the following;

- I. TSS, VSS and  $BOD_5$  loads in primary effluent. Assume appropriate  $BOD_5$  removal for the given TSS removal in the clarifier. (7 marks)
- II. Volume of primary sludge produced per day, assuming a solids concentration of 4% and specific gravity of 1.03. (6 marks)
- III. Surface area of the primary clarifier for a surface overflow rate of 80 m<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>-d at peak day flow, assuming a peaking factor of 2.25. **(6 marks)**
- IV. HRT at average day flow if the side water depth of the clarifier is 3.0 m. (6 marks)