# National Exams December 2015

### 04-Geom-B1, Digital Terrain Modelling

3 hours duration

# NOTES:

- 1. If doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit with the answer paper, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
- 2. This is a CLOSED BOOK EXAM. An approved Casio or Sharp model calculator is permitted.
- 3. All questions constitute a complete exam paper total marks equals 100.

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### 04-Geom-B1 Digital Terrain Modelling December 2015 Exam 3 hours

#### <u>Marks</u>

- 6 1. How do the following influence the choice of a DEM sampling interval: (3 x 2 marks)
  - a) terrain roughness,
  - b) required surface accuracy,
  - c) terrain slope?
- 9 2. What is the difference between a
  - a) digital terrain model (DTM),
  - b) a digital elevation model (DEM) and,
  - c) a digital surface model (DSM)? (3 x 3 marks)

## 10 3. Define the following in the context of digital terrain modelling (5 x 2 marks)

- a) breaklines,
- b) spot heights,
- c) sampling interval,
- d) elevation data accuracy,
- e) contour interval.
- 15 4. Explain the merits of using the following methods/systems for DEM data generation: (5 x 3 marks)
  - a) map digitization,
  - b) ground surveys,
  - c) aerial photogrammetric methods,
  - d) satellite image-based methods,
  - e) airborne Lidar.
- 15 5. What are the advantages/disadvantages of using regular grid versus irregular data distributions for a DEM in terms of: (3 x 5 marks)
  - a) data volumes,
  - b) accuracy of surface representation,
  - c) contour generation?
- 5 6. Explain the steps that are used to create a triangular irregular network (TIN) when using the data in a DEM.
- 10 7. Explain how you could use a DEM for: (2 x 5 marks)
  - a) generating a watershed boundary?
  - b) determining a floodplain boundary?
- 5 8. What is the difference between filtering and smoothing in DEM data processing? Page 1 of 2

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- 5 9. How and why is the method of Kriging used for the interpolation of DEM data?
- 5 10. Explain how you could mathematically locate and eliminate any blunders in a DEM?
- 10 11. How are digital elevation models used for: (2 x 5 marks)
  - a) orthophoto generation,
  - b) volume computation?

5 12. How is DSM data used to rectify digital satellite imagery?

100 marks Total

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