

National Exams

**04-Agric-A3, Heat Engineering**

3 hours duration

**NOTES:**

1. If doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit with the answer paper, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
2. This is an OPEN BOOK EXAM.  
Any non-communicating calculator is permitted.
3. Four (4) questions constitute a complete exam paper.  
The first four questions as they appear in the answer book will be marked.
4. Each question is of equal value.
5. All questions require calculation.

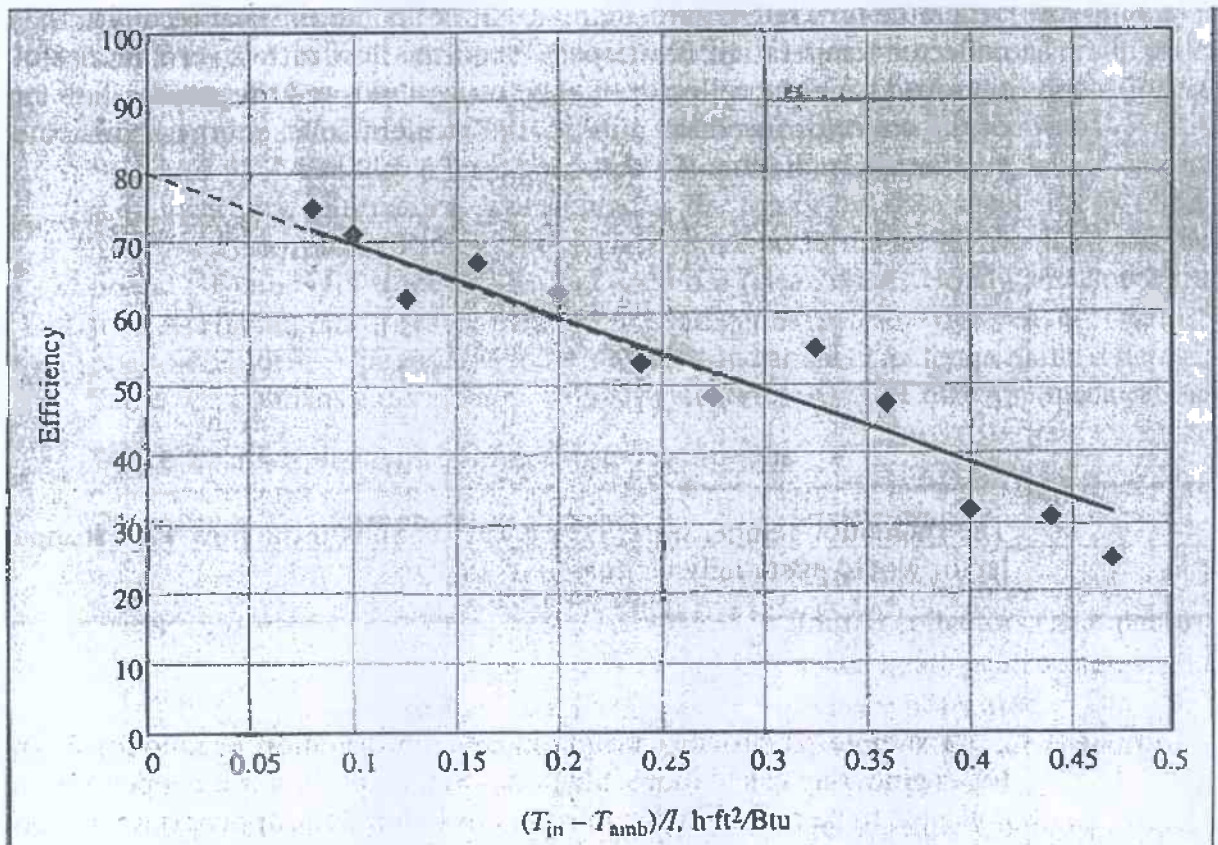
**Problem 1(25 points)**

The front of a slab of lead( $k=35 \text{ W/m.K}$ ) is kept at  $110^\circ\text{C}$  and the back is kept at  $50^\circ\text{C}$ . If the area of the slab is  $0.4 \text{ m}^2$  and it is  $0.03 \text{ m}$  thick, compute the heat flux , $q$ , and the heat transfer rate,  $Q$ .

**Problem 2(25 points)**

a) Figure below provides the results of a performance test for a single-glazed flat-plate collector. The transmissivity,  $\tau$ , of the glass is 0.90, and the absorptivity,  $\alpha$ , of the surface is 0.92. For the collector, find;

- a) The collector heat removal factor,  $F_R$
- b) The overall conductance,  $U_L$  in  $\text{Btu}/\text{ft}^2 \cdot ^\circ\text{F}$
- c) The rate at which the collector can deliver useful energy when the irradiation incident on the collector per unit area is  $200 \text{ BTU}/\text{ft}^2 \cdot \text{h}$ , the ambient temperature is  $30^\circ\text{F}$ , and the inlet water temperature is  $60^\circ\text{F}$ .
- d) The collector temperature when the flow rate is zero (collector efficient  $\eta=0$ ).



**Problem 3(25 points)**

A physics experiment uses liquid nitrogen as a coolant. Saturated liquid nitrogen at 80K flows through 6.35 mm O.D stainless steel line(emissivity  $\epsilon_1=0.2$ ) inside a vacuum chamber. The chamber walls are at  $T_c=230K$  and are at some distance from the line.

**Determine the heat gain of the line per unit length.**

If a second stainless steel tube, 12.7 mm in diameter, is placed around the line to act as radiation shield

**Determine the revised heat gain per unit length.**

Hint: Assume that the chamber area is large compared to the shielded line.

**Problem 4 (25 points)**

A thin-walled metal tank containing fluid at  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$  cools in air at  $14^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $\beta=0.00348 \text{ K}^{-1}$ ); the average natural convection heat transfer coefficient  $h$  is very large inside the tank. If the sides are 0.4 m high, compute  $h$ , the average heat flux  $q$ , and the thermal boundary layer thickness  $\delta$  at the top.

(Air properties at  $27^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $\alpha=2.203 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ ,  $\nu=1.556 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ ,  $\text{Pr}=0.711$ )