National Exams December 2011 04-BS-1, Mathematics 3 Hours Duration

Notes:

- 1. If doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit with the answer paper, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
- 2. NO CALCULATOR is permitted. This is a CLOSED BOOK exam. However, candidates are permitted to bring ONE AID SHEET written on both sides.
- 3. Any five questions constitute a complete paper. Only the first five questions as they appear in your answer book will be marked.
- 4. All questions are of equal value.

Marking Scheme.

- 1. (a) 12 marks, (b) 8 marks
- 2. (a) 10 marks, (b) 10 marks
- 3. 20 marks
- 4. 20 marks
- 5. 20 marks
- 6. 20 marks
- 7. (a) 3 marks, (b) 3 marks, (c) 14 marks
- 8. 20 marks

1. Let P be the plane passing through the three points (0,1,2), (1,3,-1) and (2,0,1).

- (a) Find an equation representing the plane P.
- (b) Find the line of intersection between the plane P and the plane

$$x - 2y + z = 3$$

2. (a) Find the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) Solve the system of differential equations

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 3x - 2y,$$
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = x + y + e^{-2t}.$$

subject to the initial conditions x(0) = 2, y(0) = -1.

3. Find the solution, y(x), of the differential equation

$$y'' + 9y = \sec 3x,$$

y'(0) = 0, y(0) = 1. Note that ' denotes differentiation with respect to x.

4. Find an equation for the line tangent to the intersection of the surfaces

$$x^2 + y^2 - 6z = 11$$

and

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 4y - 4z + 3 = 0$$

at the point (1, 0, 2).

- 5. At what angle does the line represented parametrically by x = 2 t, y = t, z = 2 + 2t intersect the hyperboloid $z = 4 x^2 + y^2$? You may leave your answer as an inverse sine or cosine.
- 6. Let S be the surface of the region defined by $x^2 + 4y^2 \le 1$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$, $0 \le z \le 4$, and let F be the vector function $F(x, y, z) = (y^3, x^3, z^3)$. Evaluate the integral of F over the surface S.
- 7. Let C be the curve formed by the intersection of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ and the plane z = 1 + y 2x, travelled clockwise as viewed from the positive z-axis, and let v be the vector function v = 4zi 2yj + 2yk.
 - (a) Evaluate the divergence of v
 - (b) Evaluate the curl of v
 - (c) Evaluate the line integral $\oint_C \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$.
- 8. Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$x^2y'' - 4xy' + 6y = 3x^4.$$

Note that ' denotes differentiation with respect to x.